



The SDG 16 Global Indicators Survey

About the initiative

The SDG 16 survey initiative focuses on twelve global indicators under SDG 16+ with data derived from population surveys. This type of data source presents numerous advantages - including high data quality and the possibility to produce indicators disaggregated by a number of variables. Monitoring progress on these indicators will require a substantial increase of national surveys on crime victimization, access to justice and corruption, which can be costly and challenging for National Statistical Offices (NSOs) to implement on a regular basis. To ease the task of NSOs having to monitor these survey-based indicators as part of their reporting on SDG 16, it is proposed to develop dedicated SDG 16 survey modules to be included in on-going data collection programs of household and other relevant statistical surveys.

SDG 16 “add on modules”

The overall objective of the initiative is to develop a quality tool that will enable cost-effective collection of nationally representative and internationally comparable statistics for monitoring progress on SDG 16. Specifically, the aim is to develop, test and on the basis of the test results, finalize survey modules that can be included by NSOs in on-going household surveys for regular reporting on the survey-based global SDG 16 indicators. This work is being jointly conducted by relevant UN agencies (UNDP, UNODC and OHCHR) with custodianship for SDG 16 survey-based indicators and with funding support from DFID.

The draft questionnaire has six modules and is currently being piloted through a two-step process, including a cognitive and implementing testing phase by NSOs in a diverse range of volunteer countries. A final questionnaire with modules will be available for all countries to implement from August 2020.

Overview of SDG 16 Survey Modules	
1. Violence	
<i>Physical violence</i>	16.1.3(a) Proportion of population subjected to (a) physical violence in the previous 12 months 16.1.3(c) Proportion of population subjected to (c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months
<i>Psychological violence and Harassment</i>	11.7.2: Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment in the previous 12 months 16.1.3(b) Proportion of population subjected to (b) psychological violence in the previous 12 months
<i>Violence reporting</i>	16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms
<i>Safety</i>	16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live
2. Human Trafficking	
	Indicator 16.2.2: Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation
3. Corruption	
	16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months
4. Governance	
Political efficacy	16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive
Satisfaction with public services	16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience of public services
5. Access to justice	
	16.3.3. Proportion of the population who have experienced a dispute in the past two years and who accessed a formal or informal dispute resolution mechanism, by type of mechanism.
6. Discrimination	
	16.b.1 Proportion of the population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law