**UN PACIFIC STRATEGY RESULTS FRAMEWORK**

 (Last updated 25 April UNPS 2017)

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| **UN PACIFIC STRATEGY RESULTS FRAMEWORK****2018 – 2022** |
| **Outcome 1:** **Climate Change, Disaster Resilience and Environmental Protection****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, people and ecosystems in the Pacific are more resilient to the impacts of climate change, climate variability and disasters; and environmental protection is strengthened.**Collaborating agencies[[1]](#footnote-1):** FAO; ILO; IOM; UNDP; UNEP; UNESCAP; UNESCO; UNFPA; UNHABITAT; UNICEF; UNISDR; UNODC; OHCHR; UN Women; WHO; WMO |
|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
| 1.1 | Number of PICTs whose Number of deaths, missing persons and persons affected by disaster per 100,000 people – by age sex, and location has reduced based on the latest available data[[2]](#footnote-2) (SDG 11.5.1) | **0** | **8** | SFDRR biennial national reporting; PDaLo; PDNA, National and regional DTM reports, Situation Reports | SPC, SPREP, UNDP, UNESCAP, UNESCO, UNEP, UNFPA, UNHabitat, UNICEF, UNISDR, UNOCHA, UNWomen, USP, WB, WFP, WHO, WMO, and other civil society organizations. |
| 1.2 | Number of PICTs whose direct disaster economic loss in relation to regional GDP, including disaster damage to critical infrastructure and disruption of basic services has reduced based on the latest available data [[3]](#footnote-3) (SDG 11.5.2) | **0** | **8** | SFDRR biennial national reporting; PDaLo; PDNA | SPC, SPREP, UNDP, UNESCAP, UNESCO, UNEP, UNFPA, UNHabitat, UNICEF, UNISDR, UNOCHA, UNWomen, USP, WB, WFP, WHO, WMO, and other civil society organizations. |
| 1.3 | Number of PICTs that have established a national and at least one sectoral development plan incorporating climate change and disaster risk management [[4]](#footnote-4) (SDG 13.1.1) | **6** | **13** | SFDRR biennial national reporting; UN Agency Annual Report, OCHA & PHT reports, PHT Cluster Coordinators annual regional plans/strategies | SPC, SPREP, UNDP, UNESCAP, UNESCO, UNEP, UNFPA, UNHabitat, UNICEF, UNISDR, UNOCHA, UNWomen, USP, WB, WFP, WHO, WMO, and other civil society organizations. |
| 1.4 | Number of PICTs with Nationally Determined Contributions (NDC) and National Adaptation Plans (NAP) under the UNFCCC at least **partially** implemented [[5]](#footnote-5) (SDG 13.2.1) | **0** | **8** | National Communications, National reports, Biennial Update Reports | Adaptation Fund, ADB,CI,CROP agencies, Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), FFA, J GEF, GCF, Governments of Australia, Canada, Germany, Russia, China and other development partners, Live and Learn, Ministry of Environment and Climate Change for PICTs, National Development Institutions, PIFS, Research and Academic Institutions: James Cook University, Australia, Select provincial and local authorities, SPC, SPREP, World Conservation Society, UNDP, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNEP, United States Agency for International Development USAID), USP, WB, WHO, WWF and other civil society organizations  |
| 1.5 | Number of PICTs with increased coverage of terrestrial and marine areas that are protected[[6]](#footnote-6)  | **0** | **10** | World Data Base of Protected Areas; National Report to the UNCBD, Pacific Islands Protected Areas Portal, Micronesian Challenges (North Pacific) | Adaptation Fund, ADB,CI,CROP agencies, Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ), FAO,FFA, J GEF, GCF, Governments of Australia, Canada, Germany, ILO, Russia, China and other development partners, Live and Learn, IOM,Ministry of Environment and Climate Change for PICTs, National Development Institutions, PIFS, Research and Academic Institutions: James Cook University, Australia, Select provincial and local authorities, SPC, SPREP, World Conservation Society, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, United States Agency for International Development USAID), USP, WB, WHO, WWF and other civil society organizations |

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| **Outcome 2: Gender Equality****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, gender equality is advanced in the Pacific, where more women and girls are empowered and enjoy equal opportunities and treatment in social, economic and political spheres, contribute to and benefit from national development, and live a life free from violence and discrimination.**Collaborating agencies:** ILO; IOM; UNAIDS; UNDP; UNESCO; UNFPA; UNICEF; UNODC; UNOHCHR; UN Women |

|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
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| 2.1 | Number of PICTs whose adolescent birth rate per 1000 women in that age group has decreased based on the latest available data. [[7]](#footnote-7) (SDG 3.7.2) | **0** | **14** | Demographic Health Survey (DHS) Report; Population and Housing Census (PHC) Report | Department of Police for PICTs, IOM, Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO |
| 2.2 | Number of PICTS whose proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age has decreased based on the latest available data [[8]](#footnote-8) (SDG 5.2.1) | **0** | **6** | Family Health Safety Study (FHSS) Report; Demographic Health Survey (DHS) Report | Department of Police for PICTs, Family Health Association, IOM, IPPF, Ministry of Health for PICTs ,Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, UNFPA, UN Women |
| 2.3 | Number of PICTs whose proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence has decreased based on the latest available data[[9]](#footnote-9) (SDG 5.2.2) | **0** | **6** | Family Health Safety Study (FHSS) Report; Demographic Health Survey (DHS) Report | Department of Police for PICTs, ILO, IOM, Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNWomen |
| 2.4 | Number of PICTS whose proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18 has decreasedbased on the latest available data [[10]](#footnote-10)(SDG 5.3.1) | **0** | **6** | State of the World’s Children Report | Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNWomen |

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| **Outcome 3: Sustainable and Inclusive Economic Empowerment****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, people in the Pacific in particular youth, women and vulnerable groups, benefit from inclusive and sustainable economic development that creates decent jobs, reduces multi–dimensional poverty and inequalities, and promotes economic empowerment.**Collaborating agencies:** FAO, IFAD; ILO; IOM; UNDP; UNESCAP; UNESCO; UNFPA; UNICEF; UNODC; UN Women; WHO; WMO |

|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
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| 3.1 | Number of PICTs in which the proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age [disability status and geography] has decreased based on the latest available data [[11]](#footnote-11) (SDG 1.2.1) | **0** | **14** | HIES Report | Bristol University, Bureau of Statistics for PICTs, Central Banks, FAO,ILO, Ministry of National Planning and Finance for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, NSO, Private sector, SPC, UNCDF, UNDP, UNESCAP, UNFPA, UNICEF,UN Women  |
| 3.2 | Number of PICTs in which the proportion of men, women, youth and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions has decreased based on the latest available data [[12]](#footnote-12)(SDG 1.2.2) | **0** | **8** | HIES Report, DHS, UNICEF data |
| 3.3 | Number of PICTs in which the proportion of vulnerable populations (children, unemployed persons, older persons, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor) covered by social protection floors/systems, disaggregated by sex and age, has increased[[13]](#footnote-13) (SDG 1.3.1)  | **0** | **9** | National social protection registers/ information system  | ILO, Ministry of Labour and Industrial Relations for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, Ministry of Youth for PICTs, National Provident Funds, UNCDF, UNICEF, UNFPA, UN Women |
| 3.4 | Number of PICTs in which the unemployment rate by sex, age and persons with disabilities (decent jobs) has decreased based on the latest available data [[14]](#footnote-14)(SDG 8.5.2)  | **0** | **8** | Labour Force Survey Report | BOS, IOM, ILO, Ministry of Labour and Industrial Relations for PICTs, UNFPA, UNDP  |
| 3.5 | Number of PICTS where the frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupation injuries by sex and migrant status has decreased based on the latest available data (decent jobs)[[15]](#footnote-15) (SDG 8.8.1) | **0** | **4** | Ministry of Labour of PICTs Administrative Records | BOS, ILO, IOM, Ministry of Labour for PICTs ,WHO |
| 3.6 | Number of countries in which the percentage of the population with access to formal financial services has increased based on the latest available data[[16]](#footnote-16) (SDG 8.10) | **0** | **5** | National demand side surveys, Central side supply side data | Central Banks, Ministry of Finance and National Planning for all PICTs, NSOs, Private Sector, UNCDF, UNDP, UN Women |

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| **Outcome 4: Equitable Basic Services****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, more people in the Pacific, particularly the most vulnerable have increased equitable access to and utilization of inclusive, resilient and quality basic services.**Collaborating agencies:** ILO; IOM; UNAIDS; UNDP; UNESCO; UNFPA; UNHABITAT; UNICEF; UN Women; WHO |

|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
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| 4.1 | Number of PICTs in which at least 95 percent of births are attended by skilled health personnel[[17]](#footnote-17) (SDG 3.1.2) | **9** | **14** | Country Population and Housing Census and DHS Reports | Ministry of Health for all PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO, World Bank |
| 4.2 | Number of PICTs in which the Under-5 Mortality Ratio has decreased based on the latest available data [[18]](#footnote-18) (SDG 3.2.1) | **0** | **5** | Population and Housing Census  | ADB, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, PIFS, Red Cross, SPC, UNICEF, WHO, World Vision |
| 4.3 | Number of PICTs in which the number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations has decreased[[19]](#footnote-19) (SDG 3.3.1)  | **0** | **13** | UNAIDS Reference Group, UNAIDS RST Bangkok for Spectrum Modelling; household or key population surveys with HIV incidence –testing, Regular Surveillance System among key populationsGlobal AIDS Monitoring Reports http://www.unaids.org/en/dataanalysis/knowyourresponse/countryprogressreports/2016countries | Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNICEF UNFPA ,WHO |
| 4.4 | Number of PICTs in which the Maternal Mortality Ratio[[20]](#footnote-20) has decreased based on the latest available data (SDG 3.3.1)  | **0** | **14** | Country Population and Housing Census and DHS Reports | IPPF , Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, UNFPA,UNICEF,UN Women, WHO |
| 4.5 | Number of PICTs whose proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods has increased based on the latest available data.[[21]](#footnote-21) (SDG 3.7.1) | **0** | **10** | Country Demographic Health Survey (DHS) Reports and Population and Housing Census (PHC) Reports | IOM, Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Women, Children and Poverty Alleviation for PICTs, UNFPA, WHO |
| 4.6 | Proportion of children in the Pacific: in grades 4/6 at the end of primary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) literacy (ii) numeracy, by sex. (This indicator was revised since the Pacific regional benchmarking for literacy and numeracy is done in grades 4 and 6).[[22]](#footnote-22) (SDG 4.1.1) | Year 4 Literacy: 46.4%Boys: 40.5% Girls:52.2%Year 4 Numeracy: 86.2%Boys: 84.2% Girls: 88.2%Year 6 Literacy: 45.7%Boys: 39.9% Girls: 51.6%Year 6 Numeracy: 67.9%Boys: 65.5% Girls:70.4% | Year 4 Literacy: 55%Boys: 50% Girls: 60%Year 4 Numeracy: 94%Boys: 90% Girls: 98%Year 6 Literacy: 65%Boys: 60% Girls: 70%Year 6 Numeracy: 80%Boys: 75% Girls: 85% | Pacific Islands Literacy and Numeracy Assessment (PILNA) Regional Report 2015 by Pacific Community  | ADB, DFAT, MFAT, Ministries of Education, PIFS, SPC, PRC4ECCE UNESCO,UNICEF, World Bank |
| 4.7 | Number of PICTs in which the proportion of population using basic drinking water services has increased based on the latest available data [[23]](#footnote-23) (SDG 6.1.1)  | **0** | **14** | DHS | IOM, UNICEF, WHO, Ministries of Health, Education, Infrastructure and Public Utilities, Pacific Regional Infrastructure Facility members, local island and town councils, NGO members of the Pacific WASH Coalition, SPC, University of the South Pacific, the International Water Centre, The Water Institute |
| 4.8 | Number of PICTs with baselines in which the proportion of population using basic sanitation services has increased based on the latest available data[[24]](#footnote-24) (SDG 6.2.1)  | **0** | **14** | DHS | IOM, UNICEF, WHO, Ministries of Health, Education, Infrastructure and Public Utilities, Pacific Regional Infrastructure Facility members, local island and town councils, NGO members of the Pacific WASH Coalition, SPC, University of the South Pacific, the International Water Centre, The Water Institute |
| 4.9 | Number of PICTs where (i) prevalence of stunting among children under five has decreased, and Number of PICTs where (ii) prevalence of overweight and obesity among children under five has not increased; and number of PICTs where (iii) prevalence of overweight among adolescents, has not increased[[25]](#footnote-25) | **i) 0****ii) 0****iii) 0** | **i) 6****ii) 7****iii) 14** | DHS, National Nutrition Survey | ADB, Ministries of Health, PIFS, Red Cross Scaling up Nutrition, SPC, UNICEF, WHO, World Bank, World Vision |
| 4.10 | Number of PICTs in which the current Tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and over has decreased based on the latest available data. [[26]](#footnote-26) | **0** | **14** | WHO’s Global reports on Tobacco (GTCR)Global estimation on tobacco use | FCA (Framework Convention Alliance), Ministry of Health for PICTs, WHO  |
| 4.11 | Out of school rate for primary and secondary education[[27]](#footnote-27)in the Pacific  | Primary: 10.0%Boys: Girls: Lower Secondary: 15.8%Boys: Girls:  | Primary: 7.0%Boys: Girls:Lower Secondary: 12.5%Boys: Girls: | Out of School Children 2014UIS Data Centredata.uis.unesco.org | ADB, DFAT, IFAD, ILO, MFAT, Ministry of Education for PICTs, Ministry of Labour for PICTs, World Bank, PIFS, SPC, UNESCAP, UNESCO, UNICEF, WHO |

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| **Outcome 5: Governance and Community Engagement****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, people and communities in the Pacific will contribute to and benefit from inclusive, informed and transparent decision making processes; accountable and responsive institutions; and improved access to justice.**Collaborating agencies:** ILO; IOM; UNDP; UNESCO; UNFPA; UNHABITAT; UNICEF; UNODC; UNOHCHR; UN Women |

|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
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| 5.1 | Number of PICTs in which the proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments has increased based on the latest available data [[28]](#footnote-28) (SDG 5.5.1)  | 0 | 14 | Survey PACWIP website, the IPU Parline database and follow up with stakeholders in country to verify | Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs UNDP, UNOHCHR, UN Women |
| 5.2 | Number of PICTs in which the unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population has decreased based on the latest available data [[29]](#footnote-29) (SDG 16.3.2) | To be confirmed in May, 2017 | To be confirmed in May, 2017 |  | Ministry of Defence for PICTs, Department of Prison for PICTs UNDP, UNOHCHR  |
| 5.3 | Number of PICTs(a) whose proportion of under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with the civil authority have increased; and number of PICTs that have (b) achieved 80 percent death registration (SDG 16.9.1)[[30]](#footnote-30) | **(a) 0****(b) 5** | **(a)14****(b)7** | UNSD Coverage of civil registration system | Ministry of Health for PICTs, Ministry of Justice for PICTs, UNFPA,UNICEF, WHO |
| 5.4 | Number of PICTs that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information[[31]](#footnote-31)(SDG 16.10.2) | **11** | **14** | UNESCO World Trends in Freedom of Expression and Media Development Reports, UNESCO Media Assessment Indicators Reports, World Bank Reports | Ministry of Justice for PICTs, NSOs , UNDP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNODC,UNOHCHR  |
| 5.5 | Number of PICTs that have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years[[32]](#footnote-32) (SDG 17.9.2)  | **14** | **14** | PICTS Population and Housing Census Reports, PRISM Collections website - <http://prism.spc.int/reports/census>  | Bureau of Statistics for PICTs, CRVS office, ILO, Justice, Ministry of Finance and Planning and Finance for PICTs, SPC General, Line ministries, National Statistical Offices, Office of Attorney Police, UNESCAP, UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO  |
| 5.6 | Number of PICTs with established and implemented of anti – corruption policies [[33]](#footnote-33) | **1** | **7** | Strategy document- public information. Obtained through UNCAC reviews and UN-PRAC field presence | Ministry of Justice for PICTs, UNDP, UNESCO, UNODC  |

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| **Outcome 6: Human Rights****Outcome Statement:** By 2022, people in the Pacific have **strengthened legal framework and institutions** that deliver human rights protection in accordance with international commitments under relevant treaties, Conventions and Universal Periodic Review (UPR).**Collaborating agencies:** UNICEF; UNDP; UNFPA; OHCHR; IOM; UNAIDS;ILO; UNESCO; UN Women; UNESCAP |

|  | **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Target** | **Means of verification** | **UN Partners, Govt, CSOs, Donors, etc** |
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| 6.1 | Number of PICTs with NHRIs compliant with the Paris Principles [[34]](#footnote-34) (SDG 16.a.1) | **1** | **5** | Global Alliance of NHRIs (GANHRI) | Asia Pacific Forum of NHRI,IOM, Ministry of Foreign Affairs for PICTs, Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Ministry of Woman Affairs for PICTs, National Human Rights Committees for PICTS, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs, RRRT, SPC, UNDP, UNOHCHR  |
| 6.2 | Number of PICTs with up to date reporting to treaty bodies.[[35]](#footnote-35)  | **1** | **11** | OHCHR website where reports are posted | Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs, SPC RRRT UNICEF, UNOHCHR, UN Women  |
| 6.3 | Number of PICTs with national implementation plans for treaty bodies and Universal Periodic Review [[36]](#footnote-36)  | **3** | **8** | OHCHR and Governments | Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs, SPC RRRT, UNESCAP, UNICEF, UNOHCHR, UNESCO, UN Women  |
| 6.4 | Number of PICTs that have national legislation that prohibits discrimination on the basis of a ground listed under international human rights law[[37]](#footnote-37) | **1** | **4** | National legislation | CSOs, IOM, Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs, SPC RRRT UNESCAP, UNFPA , UNICEF, UNOHCHR, UN Women  |
| 6.5 | Number of PICTs who have ratified at least 5 of the core 9 UN human rights treaties and at least 4 out of 8 ILO Fundamental Conventions and the UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions [[38]](#footnote-38) | **2** | **10** | ILO HQ Registration, UN Office of Legal Affairs, UNESCO List of State Parties to the Convention | CSOs, ILO, IOM, Ministry of Education for PICTs, Ministry of Justice for PICTs, Parliament and Legislature for PICTs , Ministry of Labour and Industrial Relations for PICTs, National Commissions for UNESCO, RRRT, SPC, UNESCAP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNOHCHR, UN Women |
| 6.6 | Number of PICTs which have improved in position according to Domains 2 and 3 of the Migration Governance Index[[39]](#footnote-39) | **0** | **7** | Migration Governance Index Report |  |

1. Collaborating agencies = 1. Those agencies that will be directly engaged in joint programming activities under this joint outcome; 2. Those agencies that will be contributing resources to the joint outcome [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. (Tier II) (SDG Indicator 11.5.2 verbatim) [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. (Tier II) (SDG Indicator 13.1.1 modified) [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. SDG Indicator 13.2.1 modified [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. Tier I (SDG Indicator 15.1.2 and 14.51 combined and modified) [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-9)
10. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-10)
11. UNESCAP (pov) Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-11)
12. (pov) Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-12)
13. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-13)
14. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-14)
15. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-15)
16. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-16)
17. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-17)
18. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-18)
19. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-19)
20. Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-20)
21. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-21)
22. Tier III [↑](#footnote-ref-22)
23. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-23)
24. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-24)
25. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-25)
26. Proxy - Not SDG Indicators [↑](#footnote-ref-26)
27. Proxy - Not SDG Indicators [↑](#footnote-ref-27)
28. Tier I/III [↑](#footnote-ref-28)
29. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-29)
30. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-30)
31. Tier II [↑](#footnote-ref-31)
32. Tier I [↑](#footnote-ref-32)
33. Proxy - Not SDG Indicators (note available providing more information on the indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-33)
34. SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-34)
35. Not SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-35)
36. Not SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-36)
37. Not SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-37)
38. Not SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-38)
39. Not SDG Indicator [↑](#footnote-ref-39)